U.S. Application No.: 10/090,267

Our Ref.: Q68736 Art Unit: 2652

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the

application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (ORIGINAL) A ceramic dynamic-pressure bearing comprising:

a first member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical outer surface, a second

member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical reception hole formed therein, the first

member being inserted into the reception hole of the second member in such a manner as to be

rotatable, relative to the second member, about an axis, and a thrust plate formed of ceramic

facing at least one end face of the second member as viewed along the axis of rotation, the end

face of the second member and a face of the thrust plate in opposition to the end face serving as

thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surfaces so as to define a thrust dynamic-pressure gap

therebetween; and

the ceramic dynamic-pressure bearing satisfies at least one of the following requirements

(i) to (vi):

(i) the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the second member which faces

the thrust plate has a flatness of not greater than 3 µm;

(ii) the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the thrust plate which faces the

second member has a flatness of not greater than 3 µm;

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(iii) the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the second member which faces the thrust plate and the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the thrust plate which faces the second member have a total flatness of not greater than 3 μm;

- (iv) the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the second member which faces the thrust plate is crowned such that an inner circumferential portion thereof projects by an amount greater than 0 μ m and not greater than 2.5 μ m with respect to an outermost circumferential portion thereof;
- (v) the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the thrust plate which faces the second member is crowned such that an inner circumferential portion thereof projects by an amount greater than 0 μ m and not greater than 2.5 μ m with respect to an outermost circumferential portion thereof; and
- (vi) a clearance between the mutually facing thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surfaces of the second member and the thrust plate is greater than 0 μm and not greater than 2.5 μm as measured at outermost circumferential portions of the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surfaces.
- 2. (ORIGINAL) The ceramic dynamic-pressure bearing as claimed in claim 1, wherein an inner surface of the reception hole of the second member and an outer circumferential surface of the first member to be received inside the inner surface serve as radial dynamic-pressure gap definition surfaces, which define a radial dynamic-pressure gap therebetween.

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3. (ORIGINAL) The ceramic dynamic-pressure bearing as claimed in claim 1, wherein the

thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the thrust plate has a hardness lower than that

of the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the second member.

4. (ORIGINAL) The ceramic dynamic-pressure bearing as claimed in claim 1, wherein the

first member, the second member, and the thrust plate are formed of an alumina ceramic

comprising ceramic crystal grains which contains an Al component in an amount of 90-99.5% by

mass as reduced to Al₂O₃ and an oxide-type sintering aid component in an amount of 0.5-10% by

mass as reduced to an oxide thereof.

5. (ORIGINAL) The ceramic dynamic-pressure bearing as claimed in claim 4, wherein the

alumina ceramic has an apparent density of 3.5-3.9 g/cm³.

6. (ORIGINAL) The ceramic dynamic-pressure bearing as claimed in claim 4, wherein the

alumina ceramic has a relative density of not less than 90%.

7. (ORIGINAL) The ceramic dynamic-pressure bearing as claimed in claim 4, wherein the

ceramic crystal grains have an average grain size of 1-7 μm .

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8. (ORIGINAL) The ceramic dynamic-pressure bearing as claimed in claim 4, wherein, on

the dynamic-pressure gap definition surface formed of alumina ceramic, ceramic crystal grains

having a grain size of 2-5 µm occupy an area percentage of not less than 40%.

9. (ORIGINAL) The ceramic dynamic-pressure bearing as claimed in claim 4, wherein the

dynamic-pressure gap definition surface formed of alumina ceramic has surface pores having an

average size greater than the average grain size of the ceramic crystal grains.

10. (ORIGINAL) The ceramic dynamic-pressure bearing as claimed in claim 4,

wherein surface pores present on the dynamic-pressure gap definition surface have an average

size of 2-20 μ m.

11. (ORIGINAL) The ceramic dynamic-pressure bearing as claimed in claim 4,

wherein, on the dynamic-pressure gap definition surface, surface pores having a size of 2-20 µm

occupy an area percentage of 10-60%.

12. (ORIGINAL) The ceramic dynamic-pressure bearing as claimed in claim 4,

wherein ceramic forming the first member, the second member, and the thrust plate is a dense

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ceramic sintered body having a relative density of not less than 90%; and pores having a size of

2-20 µm present in the sintered body are localized mainly on the dynamic-pressure gap

definition surface in the form of surface pores.

13. (ORIGINAL) The ceramic dynamic-pressure bearing as claimed in claim 12,

wherein the surface pores are formed as a result of ceramic crystal grains dropping off in the

course of finishing the dynamic-pressure gap definition surface.

14. (ORIGINAL) The ceramic dynamic-pressure bearing as claimed in claim 1,

comprising dynamic-pressure grooves formed on at least one of the radial dynamic-pressure gap

definition surfaces and the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surfaces

15. (ORIGINAL) A hard disk drive comprising:

a motor including a motor rotation output section having a ceramic dynamic-pressure

bearing comprising a first member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical outer surface, a

second member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical reception hole formed therein, the

first member being inserted into the reception hole of the second member in such a manner as to

be rotatable, relative to the second member, about an axis, and a thrust plate formed of ceramic

facing at least one end face of the second member as viewed along the axis of rotation, the end

face of the second member and a face of the thrust plate in opposition to the end face serving as

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thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surfaces so as to define a thrust dynamic-pressure gap

therebetween; and

a hard disk rotatably mounted on the motor;

the hard disk drive further characterized in that the ceramic dynamic-pressure bearing

satisfies at least one of the following requirements (i) to (vi):

(i) the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the second member which faces

the thrust plate has a flatness of not greater than 3 µm;

(ii) the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the thrust plate which faces the

second member has a flatness of not greater than 3 µm;

(iii) the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the second member which

faces the thrust plate and the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the thrust plate

which faces the second member have a total flatness of not greater than 3 µm;

(iv) the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the second member which

faces the thrust plate is crowned such that an inner circumferential portion thereof projects by an

amount greater than 0 µm and not greater than 2.5 µm with respect to an outermost

circumferential portion thereof;

(v) the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the thrust plate which faces the

second member is crowned such that an inner circumferential portion thereof projects by an

amount greater than 0 µm and not greater than 2.5 µm with respect to an outermost

circumferential portion thereof; and

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(vi) a clearance between the mutually facing thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition

surfaces of the second member and the thrust plate is greater than 0 µm and not greater than 2.5

µm as measured at outermost circumferential portions of the thrust dynamic-pressure gap

definition surfaces.

16. (ORIGINAL) The hard disk drive as claimed in claim 15, wherein an inner

surface of the reception hole of the second member and an outer circumferential surface of the

first member to be received inside the inner surface serve as radial dynamic-pressure gap

definition surfaces, which define a radial dynamic-pressure gap therebetween.

17. (ORIGINAL) The hard disk drive as claimed in claim 15, wherein the thrust

dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the thrust plate has a hardness lower than that of the

thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the second member.

18. (ORIGINAL) The hard disk drive as claimed in claim 15, wherein the first

member, the second member, and the thrust plate are formed of an alumina ceramic comprising

ceramic crystal grains which contains an Al component in an amount of 90-99.5% by mass as

reduced to Al₂O₃ and an oxide-type sintering aid component in an amount of 0.5-10% by mass as

reduced to an oxide thereof.

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19. (ORIGINAL)

ceramic has an apparent of

19. (ORIGINAL) The hard disk drive as claimed in claim 18, wherein the alumina ceramic has an apparent density of 3.5-3.9 g/cm³.

20. (ORIGINAL) The hard disk drive as claimed in claim 18, wherein the alumina ceramic has a relative density of not less than 90%.

21. (ORIGINAL) The hard disk drive as claimed in claim 18, wherein the ceramic crystal grains have an average grain size of 1-7 μ m.

22. (ORIGINAL) The hard disk drive as claimed in claim 18, wherein, on the dynamic-pressure gap definition surface formed of alumina ceramic, ceramic crystal grains having a grain size of 2-5 µm occupy an area percentage of not less than 40%.

23. (ORIGINAL) The hard disk drive as claimed in claim 18, wherein the dynamic-pressure gap definition surface formed of alumina ceramic has surface pores having an average size greater than the average grain size of the ceramic crystal grains.

24. (ORIGINAL) The hard disk drive as claimed in claim 18, wherein surface pores present on the dynamic-pressure gap definition surface have an average size of 2-20 μ m.

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25. (ORIGINAL) The hard disk drive as claimed in claim 18, wherein, on the

dynamic-pressure gap definition surface, surface pores having a size of 2-20 µm occupy an area

percentage of 10-60%.

26. (ORIGINAL) The hard disk drive as claimed in claim 18, wherein ceramic

forming the first member, the second member, and the thrust plate is a dense ceramic sintered

body having a relative density of not less than 90%; and pores having a size of 2-20 µm present

in the sintered body are localized mainly on the dynamic-pressure gap definition surface in the

form of surface pores.

27. (ORIGINAL) The hard disk drive as claimed in claim 26, wherein the surface

pores are formed as a result of ceramic crystal grains dropping off in the course of finishing the

dynamic-pressure gap definition surface.

28. (ORIGINAL) The hard disk drive as claimed in claim 15, comprising dynamic-

pressure grooves formed on at least one of the radial dynamic-pressure gap definition surfaces

and the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surfaces.

29. (NEW) A ceramic dynamic-pressure bearing comprising:

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a first member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical outer surface, a second

member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical reception hole formed therein, the first

member being inserted into the reception hole of the second member in such a manner as to be

rotatable, relative to the second member, about an axis, and a thrust plate formed of ceramic

facing at least one end face of the second member as viewed along the axis of rotation, the end

face of the second member and a face of the thrust plate in opposition to the end face serving as

thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surfaces so as to define a thrust dynamic-pressure gap

therebetween; and

the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the second member which faces the

thrust plate has a flatness of not greater than 3 µm.

30. (New) A ceramic dynamic-pressure bearing comprising:

a first member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical outer surface, a second

member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical reception hole formed therein, the first

member being inserted into the reception hole of the second member in such a manner as to be

rotatable, relative to the second member, about an axis, and a thrust plate formed of ceramic

facing at least one end face of the second member as viewed along the axis of rotation, the end

face of the second member and a face of the thrust plate in opposition to the end face serving as

thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surfaces so as to define a thrust dynamic-pressure gap

therebetween; and

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the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the thrust plate which faces the

second member has a flatness of not greater than 3 μ m.

31. (NEW) A ceramic dynamic-pressure bearing comprising:

a first member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical outer surface, a second

member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical reception hole formed therein, the first

member being inserted into the reception hole of the second member in such a manner as to be

rotatable, relative to the second member, about an axis, and a thrust plate formed of ceramic

facing at least one end face of the second member as viewed along the axis of rotation, the end

face of the second member and a face of the thrust plate in opposition to the end face serving as

thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surfaces so as to define a thrust dynamic-pressure gap

therebetween; and

the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the second member which faces the

thrust plate and the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the thrust plate which faces

the second member have a total flatness of not greater than 3 µm.

32. (NEW) A ceramic dynamic-pressure bearing comprising:

a first member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical outer surface, a second

member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical reception hole formed therein, the first

member being inserted into the reception hole of the second member in such a manner as to be

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facing at least one end face of the second member as viewed along the axis of rotation, the end

rotatable, relative to the second member, about an axis, and a thrust plate formed of ceramic

face of the second member and a face of the thrust plate in opposition to the end face serving as

thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surfaces so as to define a thrust dynamic-pressure gap

therebetween; and

the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the second member which faces the

thrust plate is crowned such that an inner circumferential portion thereof projects by an amount

greater than 0 µm and not greater than 2.5 µm with respect to an outermost circumferential

portion thereof.

33. (NEW) A ceramic dynamic-pressure bearing comprising:

a first member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical outer surface, a second

member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical reception hole formed therein, the first

member being inserted into the reception hole of the second member in such a manner as to be

rotatable, relative to the second member, about an axis, and a thrust plate formed of ceramic

facing at least one end face of the second member as viewed along the axis of rotation, the end

face of the second member and a face of the thrust plate in opposition to the end face serving as

thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surfaces so as to define a thrust dynamic-pressure gap

therebetween; and

the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the thrust plate which faces the

second member is crowned such that an inner circumferential portion thereof projects by an

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amount greater than 0 μm and not greater than 2.5 μm with respect to an outermost

circumferential portion thereof.

34. (NEW) A ceramic dynamic-pressure bearing comprising:

a first member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical outer surface, a second

member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical reception hole formed therein, the first

member being inserted into the reception hole of the second member in such a manner as to be

rotatable, relative to the second member, about an axis, and a thrust plate formed of ceramic

facing at least one end face of the second member as viewed along the axis of rotation, the end

face of the second member and a face of the thrust plate in opposition to the end face serving as

thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surfaces so as to define a thrust dynamic-pressure gap

therebetween; and

a clearance between the mutually facing thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surfaces

of the second member and the thrust plate is greater than 0 µm and not greater than 2.5 µm as

measured at outermost circumferential portions of the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition

surfaces.

35. (NEW) A hard disk drive comprising:

a motor including a motor rotation output section having a ceramic dynamic-pressure

bearing comprising a first member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical outer surface, a

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second member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical reception hole formed therein, the

first member being inserted into the reception hole of the second member in such a manner as to

be rotatable, relative to the second member, about an axis, and a thrust plate formed of ceramic

facing at least one end face of the second member as viewed along the axis of rotation, the end

face of the second member and a face of the thrust plate in opposition to the end face serving as

thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surfaces so as to define a thrust dynamic-pressure gap

therebetween;

a hard disk rotatably mounted on the motor; and

the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the second member which faces the

thrust plate has a flatness of not greater than 3 μm .

36. (NEW) A hard disk drive comprising:

a motor including a motor rotation output section having a ceramic dynamic-pressure

bearing comprising a first member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical outer surface, a

second member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical reception hole formed therein, the

first member being inserted into the reception hole of the second member in such a manner as to

be rotatable, relative to the second member, about an axis, and a thrust plate formed of ceramic

facing at least one end face of the second member as viewed along the axis of rotation, the end

face of the second member and a face of the thrust plate in opposition to the end face serving as

thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surfaces so as to define a thrust dynamic-pressure gap

therebetween:

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a hard disk rotatably mounted on the motor; and

the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the thrust plate which faces the

second member has a flatness of not greater than 3 µm.

37. (NEW) A hard disk drive comprising:

a motor including a motor rotation output section having a ceramic dynamic-pressure

bearing comprising a first member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical outer surface, a

second member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical reception hole formed therein, the

first member being inserted into the reception hole of the second member in such a manner as to

be rotatable, relative to the second member, about an axis, and a thrust plate formed of ceramic

facing at least one end face of the second member as viewed along the axis of rotation, the end

face of the second member and a face of the thrust plate in opposition to the end face serving as

thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surfaces so as to define a thrust dynamic-pressure gap

therebetween;

a hard disk rotatably mounted on the motor; and

the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the second member which faces the

thrust plate and the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the thrust plate which faces

the second member have a total flatness of not greater than 3 μm .

38. (NEW) A hard disk drive comprising:

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a motor including a motor rotation output section having a ceramic dynamic-pressure

bearing comprising a first member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical outer surface, a

second member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical reception hole formed therein, the

first member being inserted into the reception hole of the second member in such a manner as to

be rotatable, relative to the second member, about an axis, and a thrust plate formed of ceramic

facing at least one end face of the second member as viewed along the axis of rotation, the end

face of the second member and a face of the thrust plate in opposition to the end face serving as

thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surfaces so as to define a thrust dynamic-pressure gap

therebetween;

a hard disk rotatably mounted on the motor; and

the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the second member which faces the

thrust plate is crowned such that an inner circumferential portion thereof projects by an amount

greater than 0 µm and not greater than 2.5 µm with respect to an outermost circumferential

portion thereof.

39. (NEW) A hard disk drive comprising:

a motor including a motor rotation output section having a ceramic dynamic-pressure

bearing comprising a first member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical outer surface, a

second member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical reception hole formed therein, the

first member being inserted into the reception hole of the second member in such a manner as to

be rotatable, relative to the second member, about an axis, and a thrust plate formed of ceramic

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facing at least one end face of the second member as viewed along the axis of rotation, the end

face of the second member and a face of the thrust plate in opposition to the end face serving as

thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surfaces so as to define a thrust dynamic-pressure gap

therebetween;

a hard disk rotatably mounted on the motor; and

the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surface of the thrust plate which faces the

second member is crowned such that an inner circumferential portion thereof projects by an

amount greater than 0 µm and not greater than 2.5 µm with respect to an outermost

circumferential portion thereof.

A hard disk drive comprising: 40. (New)

a motor including a motor rotation output section having a ceramic dynamic-pressure

bearing comprising a first member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical outer surface, a

second member formed of ceramic and having a cylindrical reception hole formed therein, the

first member being inserted into the reception hole of the second member in such a manner as to

be rotatable, relative to the second member, about an axis, and a thrust plate formed of ceramic

facing at least one end face of the second member as viewed along the axis of rotation, the end

face of the second member and a face of the thrust plate in opposition to the end face serving as

thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surfaces so as to define a thrust dynamic-pressure gap

therebetween;

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to the

a hard disk rotatably mounted on the motor; and

a clearance between the mutually facing thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surfaces of the second member and the thrust plate is greater than 0 μ m and not greater than 2.5 μ m as measured at outermost circumferential portions of the thrust dynamic-pressure gap definition surfaces.